The background features a dark blue gradient with faint, light-colored technical diagrams. On the left side, there is a large circular scale with numerical markings from 140 to 260 in increments of 10. Several circular diagrams with arrows and dashed lines are scattered across the background, suggesting a technical or scientific theme.

МИР-СИСТЕМА И ВОЗМОЖНОСТИ ДЛЯ ПЕРИФЕРИЙНОГО ГОСУДАРСТВА

МИХАИЛ МИНАКОВ
ЛЕКТОРИЙ СТУДРЕСПУБЛИКИ
19 ДЕКАБРЯ 2020 ГОДА

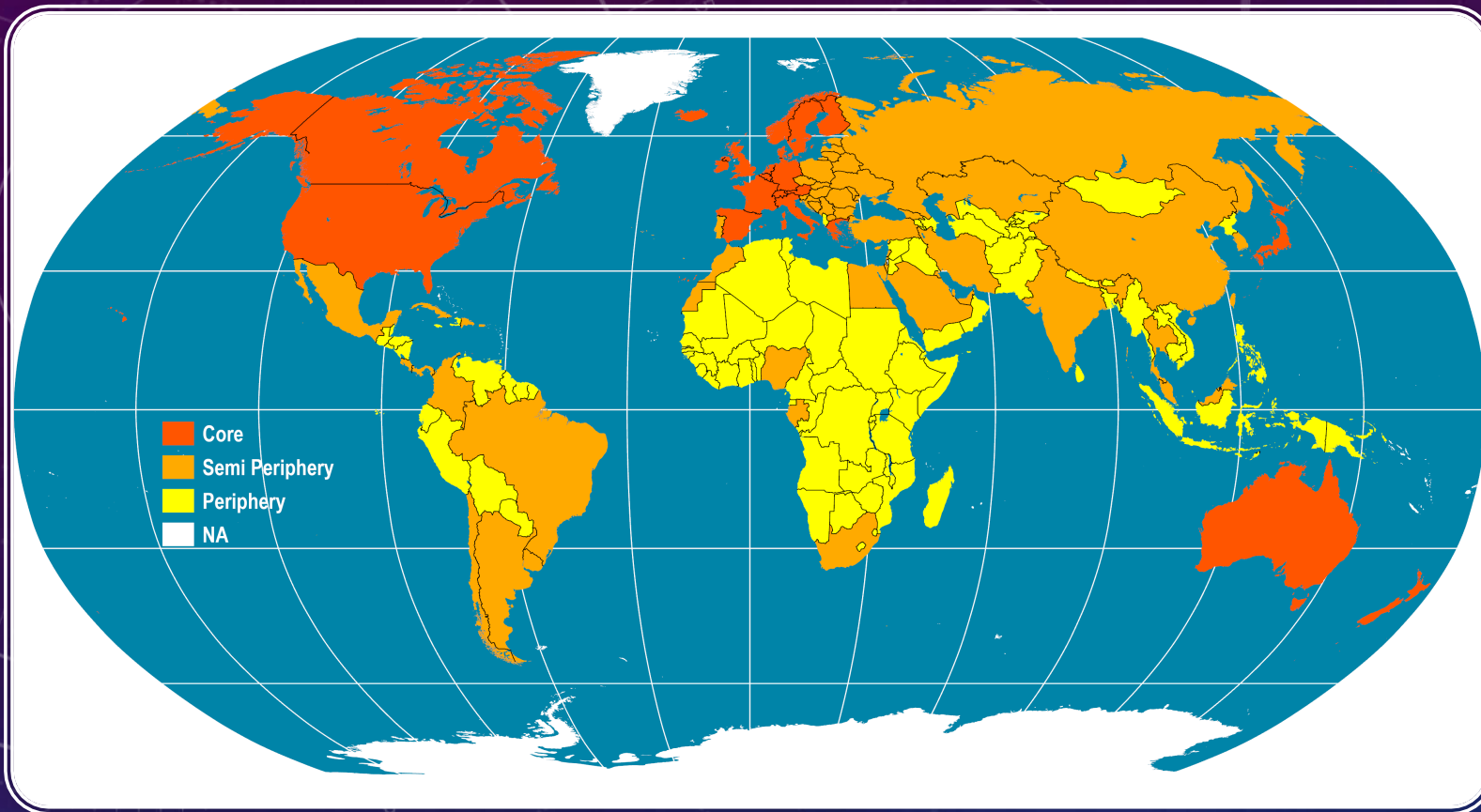
Table 1. Core-Periphery Characteristics

	<i>Economic</i>	<i>Political</i>	<i>Cultural</i>
Core	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quasi-monopolies• benefit from unequal exchange• suppression of competition• high level of added value• minimal poverty	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• non-questioned political influence• decisive impact on inter- or national legislation and political order	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• producers of cultural product• definers of identities' hierarchies• centres of education and scholarship with strong impact on legitimacy definitions
Semicore/ Semiperiphery	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quasi-monopolies competing with core• bigger role of competing economy• lower level of added value• considerable poverty	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• questioned political influence• sporadic impact on international legislation and political order• political competition with core in certain regions for control over peripheries	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• mixed production and consumption of own and core's cultural output• subjects of biggest pressure from core-defined identities' hierarchies• sporadic influence in global education and scholarship• weak impact on global legitimacy definitions

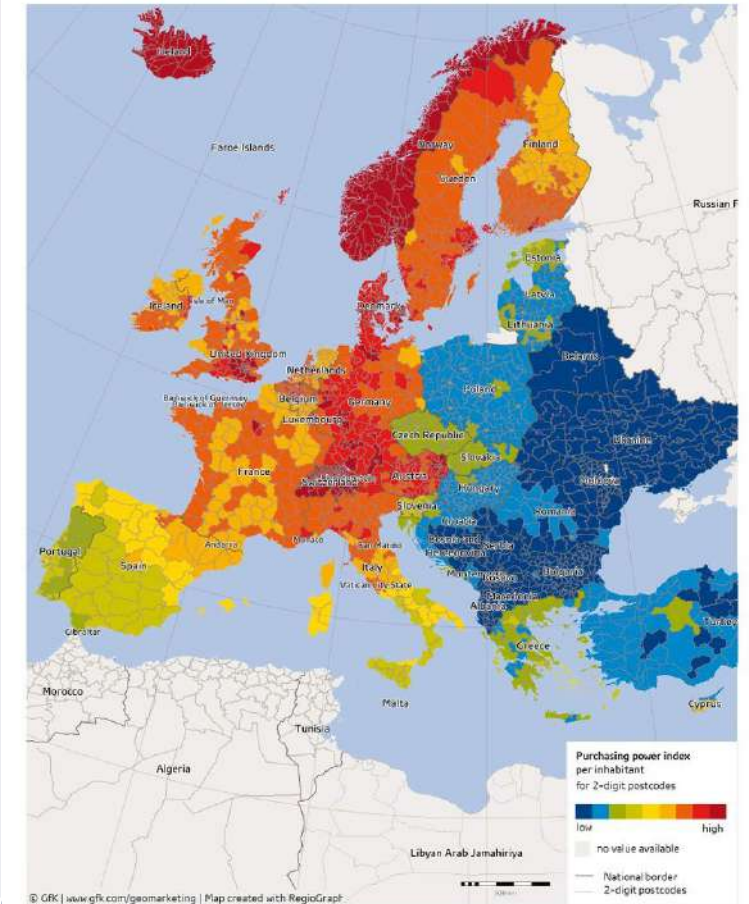
КАТЕГОРИИ МИР- СИСТЕМЫ

КАТЕГОРИИ МИР- СИСТЕМЫ – 2

<p>Periphery</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • production with minimal added value • imposed competition • widespread poverty 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • minimal political influence outside country • strong impact of core and semicore inside country • adaptation to regional order 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • consumers of core's cultural product and identities' hierarchies • consumers of education and scholarship products of the core and semicore • sporadic impact on legitimacy definitions
<p>Extreme periphery</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • production with minimal value added • weakest party in competition • under international economic sanctions • widespread poverty, usually dependent on some sponsor state's economy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • minimal political influence • mainly in resistance to the centre and parental state⁴ • the subject of a strong impact of core and semicore states (especially sponsor state)⁵ • adapting to order established by others • striving for the status of normal peripheral condition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • consumers of and resisters to the core's cultural products and the hierarchical identities of the parental state • consumers of and resisters to the education and scholarship products of the core and semicore • no impact on legitimacy definitions



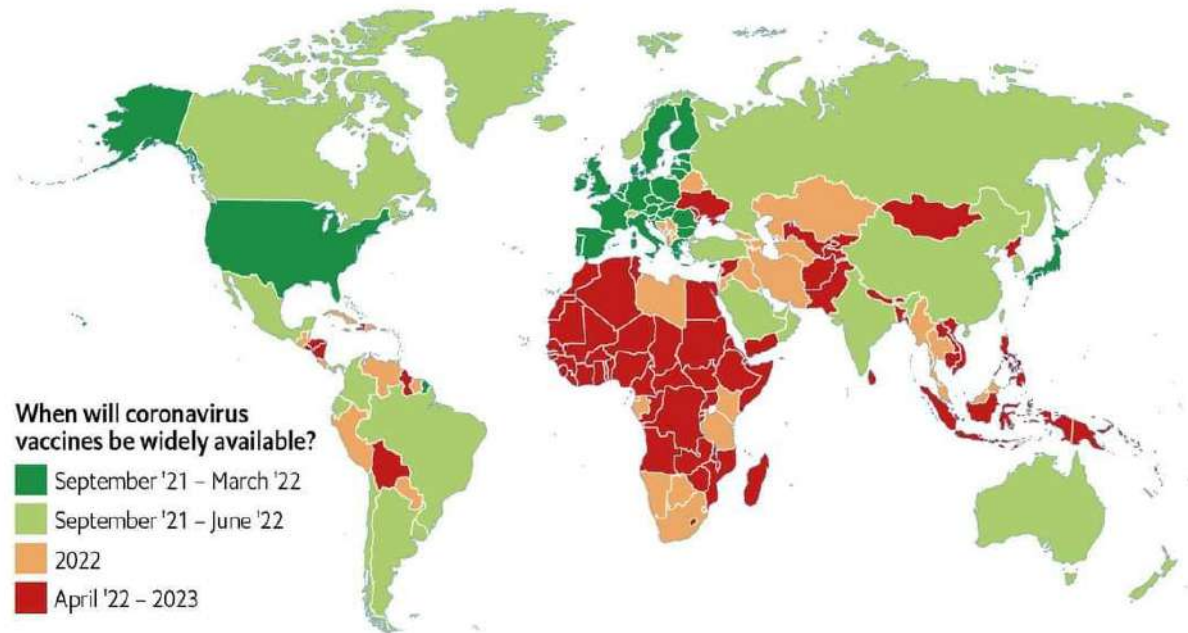
GfK Purchasing Power Europe 2017



СТРУКТУРА МИР-СИСТЕМЫ

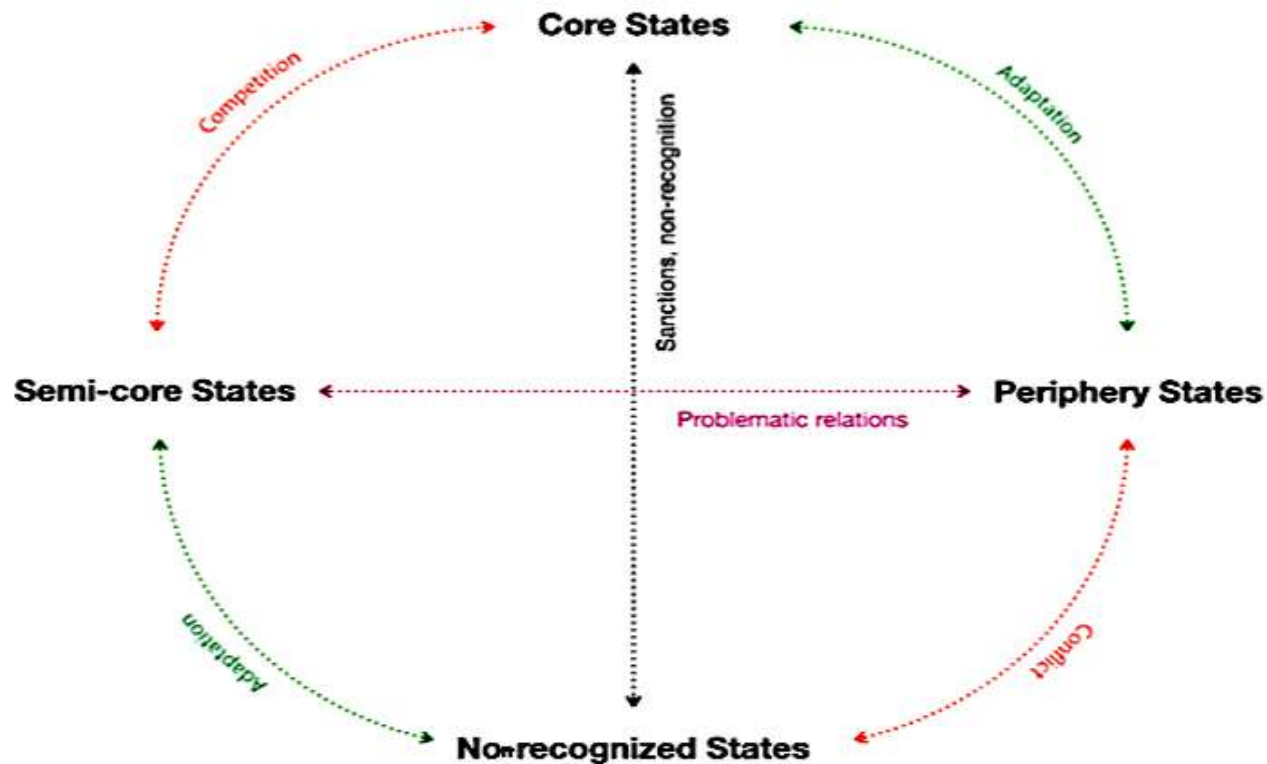
СТРУКТУРА МИР-СИСТЕМЫ БИОПОЛИТИКА

Rich countries will get access to coronavirus vaccines earlier than others



Source: The Economist Intelligence Unit.

СТРУКТУРА МИР-СИСТЕМЫ



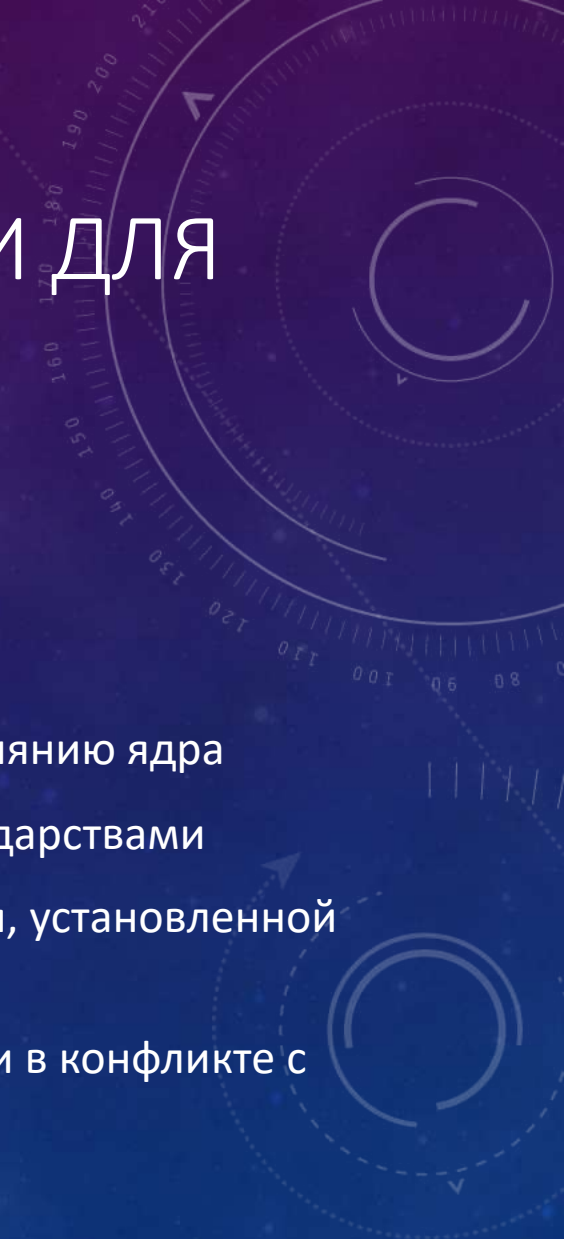
- Ядро
- Периферийные государства
- Полуядро
- Экстремальная периферия



ВОЗМОЖНОСТИ/РИСКИ ДЛЯ ПЕРИФЕРИИ

Обычные

- Проигрыш в экономическом обмене
- Подчинение внешнему политическому влиянию ядра
- Конфликт с местными полуядерными государствами
- Подчинение международной повестке дня, установленной ядром
- Понимание мира в языке интересов ядра и в конфликте с полуядерными государствами



ВОЗМОЖНОСТИ/РИСКИ ДЛЯ ПЕРИФЕРИИ

Необычные

- Если найдена своя эксклюзивная ниша, выгода от мирового экономического обмена
- Отказ от собственных национальных интересов в пользу интересов ядра, отказ от «многовекторности»
- Контаминация ядра периферийной политической культурой
- Участие в научных сетях ядра в обмен на лояльность и частичный отказ от собственного культурного многообразия



НОВЫЕ ВОЗМОЖНОСТИ И РИСКИ



- Беззападность
- Хаос глобальной фрагментации
- Глобализация без свободы
- Новая волна ненациональных государств — новые левые проекты, новый республиканизм и новый империализм